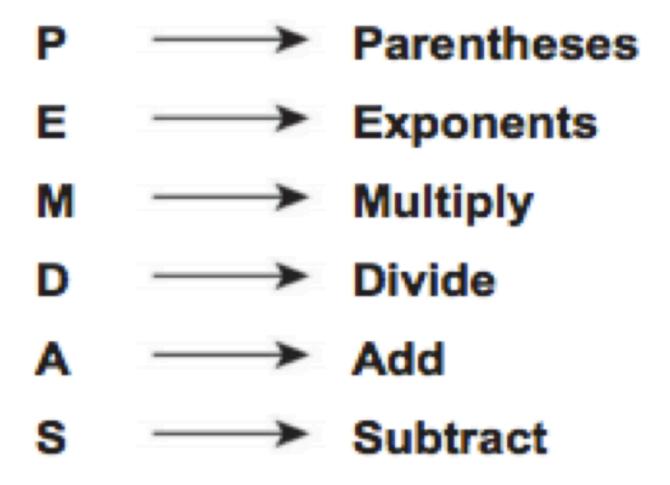
The six letters form the "word" **PEMDAS**, pronounced "Pem-das". "Pem" rhymes with "Tim", and "das" sounds like "does."

Another way to recall the order of operation is in a sentence.

"Please Excuse My Dear Aunt Sally."

You can come up with your own sentence using the first letters of the operations, too.



A mathematical phrase that includes only numbers and operations is called a *numerical expression*.

$$9 + 8 \times 3 \div 6$$
 is a numerical expression.

When you evaluate a numerical expression, you find its value.

You can use the order of operations to evaluate a numerical expression.

Order of operations:

- 1. Do all operations within parentheses.
- 2. Find the values of numbers with exponents.
- 3. Multiply and divide in order from left to right.
- 4. Add and subtract in order from left to right.

Evaluate the expression.

$$60 \div (7 + 3) + 3^2$$

$60 \div 10 + 3^2$	Do all operations within parentheses.
60 ÷ 10 + 9	Find the values of numbers with exponents.
6 + 9	Multiply and divide in order from left to right.
15	Add and subtract in order from left to right.

Simplify each numerical expression.

1.
$$7 \times (12 + 8) - 6$$

2.
$$10 \times (12 + 34) + 3$$

3.
$$10 + (6 \times 5) - 7$$

4.
$$2^3 + (10 - 4)$$

5.
$$7 + 3 \times (8 + 5)$$

6.
$$36 \div 4 + 11 \times 8$$

7.
$$5^2 - (2 \times 8) + 9$$

8.
$$3 \times (12 \div 4) - 2^2$$

9.
$$(3^3 + 10) - 2$$

Solve.

 Write and evaluate your own numerical expression. Use parentheses, exponents, and at least two operations.

Fill in the steps in each simplification.

1.
$$4 + (9 \div 3)^2 \times 5 - 1$$

2.
$$(3 \times 2) + 5^2 - 8 \div 2$$

Simplify.

3.
$$12 \times 4 \div 2 + (7-5)^4$$

4.
$$1+2^3-(4\times 5)\div 10$$
